Theme: Radical Romans
Enquiry Question: How did the Romans impact Britain?

Maths: (Using White Rose Maths)
Year 3

## Number: Fractions

Tenths, partition, whole, unit fractions, non-unit fractions, reasoning

## Measurement: Money

Pounds, pence, convert, find, change
Measurement: Time
Analogue clock, Roman numerals, 12-hour clock, 24-hour clock, am/pm, noon, midnight, leap year, digital
Geometry: Shape
Orientation, angles, acute, obtuse, turn, right angle, turn. Horizontal lines, vertical lines, perpendicular lines, parallel lines

## Statistics

Interpret, draw, pictograms, bar charts, 2-way tables, collect, represent, data, symbol

## Year 4

Number: Decimals
Decimal equivalence, decimal point, convert
Measurement: Money
Decimals, convert, compare, amounts, estimate, calculate, solve, money problems

## Measurement: Time

Convert, years, months, weeks, days, hours, minutes, seconds digital, analogue, convert, 24-hour clock

## Geometry: Shape

Isosceles, equilateral, scalene, trapezium, rhombus,
parallelogram, kite, geometric shapes, quadrilaterals
Statistics
Interpret charts, comparison, sum, difference, line graphs, draw, scale, symbol
Geometry: Position and Direction
Describe, position, plot, co-ordinates, 2D shapes, grid, translate, axis, values

## English <br> Reading

Retrieve and record information from non-fiction, using titles, headings, sub-headings and indexes. Identify how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning.
Identify main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and summarise these.
Recall and summarise main ideas

## Writing

Recount (diary) - Based on the book 'Roman Diary: $1^{\prime}$ (Diary Histories) using the unit 'The Journey of Iliona, A Young Slave'
Persuasion (letter) - linked to The Romans Newspaper/balanced argument - linked to The Romans
Punctuation and Grammar
Noun, prefixes, pronouns, verbs, present perfect, adjectives, connectives/conjunctions (when, so, before, after, while, because) adverbs, noun phrases expanded by the addition of modifying adjectives, prepositional phrases, standard English forms for verbs, adverbial phrase fronted adverbial, comma after fronted adverbials. possessive apostrophes for plural nouns, inverted commas, apostrophe to mark singular and plural possession, commas after fronted adverbials, inverted commas to indicate direct speech. Speaking and Listening
Skills taught and rehearsed across the curriculum Opportunities to create a battle cry through roleplay as historical figures.

## Crayke Church of England Primary School

Curriculum Learning Tree
Holly Class Summer Term 2023 Year A

## Science

## What is a healthy diet and why is it important?

Understand animals and humans
Identify that animals, including humans, need the right types and amounts of nutrition, that they cannot make their own food and they get nutrition from what they eat.
Healthy, nutrients, energy, saturated fats, unsaturated fats, carbohydrates, protein, fibre, fats, vitamins, minerals, water. research, relevant questions, scientific enquiry, fair test, accurate measurements

## Why do animals have skeletons?

Identify that humans and some animals have skeletons and muscles for support, protection and movement Vertebrate, invertebrate, muscles, tendons, joints, endoskeleton, exoskeleton, hydrostatic skeleton, skull, clavicle, scapula, ribcage, humerus, vertebral column, ulna, pelvis, radius, femur, explanation, conclusion, prediction, changes, evidence

## Religious Education (Using 'Understanding Christianity' and

 North Yorkshire Syllabus)L2.9: What can we learn from religions about deciding what is right and wrong? (NY)
Christian, Humanists, Judaism, Torah, The Golden Rule, temptation, commandment, Beatitudes, moral choice, L2.1: What do Christians learn from the Creation Story? (UC) God, creator, creation, Bible, Genesis, commandment, instruction ,forgiveness

## History - Knowledge and Understanding of British History: The

 Roman Empire and its impact on Britain.Investigate and interpret the past - Use evidence to ask
questions and find answers to questions about the past, Suggest causes and consequences of some of the main events and changes in history. Build an overview of world history - Describe the characteristic features of the past, including ideas, beliefs, attitudes and experiences of men, women and children. Understand chronology - Place events, artefacts and historical figures on a time line using dates. Communicate historically (CH) Use appropriate historical vocabulary to communicate Celts, citizen, conquest, emperor, empire, legion, rebellion, tribe Boudicca, archaeological site, archaeologist, historical evidence, villa

## Computing (Using Purple Mash)

Branching databases
Binary tree, data, database, debugging
Simulations
Analysis, modelling, simulation, evaluation, decision
Graphing
Axis, chart, column, data, graph, investigation, row, sorting, tally chart

Music - (Using Charanga)
Blackbird - a song by The Beatles about civil rights Acoustic guitar, percussion, birdsong, civil rights, racism, equality, pentatonic scale, unison, pulse, rhythm, pitch, tempo, dynamics, texture structure, compose, improvise, hook, riff, 3 - Perform \& Share melody, solo
Reflect, Rewind and Replay - consolidate the learning that has occurred during the year providing_a context for the History of Music and the beginnings of the Language of Music. Early music, classical, $20^{\text {th }}$ century, baroque, romantic

## Geography

Investigate places:
Name and locate the countries of Europe and identify their main physical and human characteristics.
Investigate patterns:
Describe geographical similarities and differences between countries.
OS map, empire, city, coastal, compass point, country, continent, county, human features, landmark, landscape, physical features, natural features, land population

## PSHE - (Using 1Decision)

Relationships: Touch
Communicate, situation, penis, testicles, vagina, vulva, anus, private parts, appropriate
Our World: Looking after our world
Reduce, re-use, recycle, environment, carbon footprint, carbon dioxide, global warming
Hazard watch: Is it safe to eat or drink? Is it safe to play with? Potential, sibling, community, hazard, danger

## Languages - French (Using Kapow)

## Bon Appetit 1:

La tomate, la banana, la pomme, la fraise, le citron, le melon I'orange, lananas, les croissants, les chocolats, les gateaux, les pains au chocolats, les bonbons, les brioches, les biscuits.
Shopping in France:
Le marche, la boulangerie, l'epicerie, le supermarche, la chocolaterie, le café, la patisserie, le creperie

## Crayke Church of England Primary School

Curriculum Learning Tree
Holly Class Summer Term 2023 Year A
D.T

Healthy eating and nutrition (Using Kapow)
Design and create a vegetable tart.
Prepare ingredients hygienically using appropriate utensils. Measure ingredients to the nearest gram accurately. Follow a recipe. Assemble or cook ingredients (controlling the temperature of the oven or hob, if cooking).
Climate, imported, natural, reared, seasonal, diet, ingredients, processed, recipe, seasons, nutrition
P.E

Athletics
Field event, flight, fling throw, hurdling, landing, lead leg, long jump, overarm throw, pull throw, push throw, shot put, sprint, satnding long jump, take-off, track event, trail leg, underarm throw

## Tennis

Stroke technique, match, forehand, backhand, volley, lob, overhead, court, shot, serve, stroke, love all, deuce, net, set, racket.

## Outdoor and Adventurous Activities

orienteering, map symbols, control point, teamwork, communication, trail, map

## Striking and Fielding (towards Rounders)

Backstop, bases, batter, stance, bowler, deep fielder, field, fielders, game plan, judgement, match, no-ball, outwit, overarm throw, pitch

## Art

## Textiles, Collage \& Digital Media

Master Techniques: Textiles: Shape and stitch materials. Use basic cross stitch and back stitch. Colour fabric. Create weavings. Quilt, pad and gather fabric. Collage: Select and arrange materials for a striking effect. Ensure work is precise
Usecoiling, overlapping, tessellation, mosaic and montage. Digital Media: Create images, video and sound recordings and explain why they were created (as part of English work on persuasion).
Pattern, shape, stitch, cross-stitch, back-stitch, colour fabric, weavings, quilt, pad, gather, texture, arrange, striking, precise, coil, overlap, tesselate, mosaic, montage

