

"Every child is an artist." Pablo Picasso

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FOLLOW YOUR PATHWAY AND WE GROW TOGETHER WITH CONFIDENCE

You did not choose me, I chose you that you might **go and bear fruit, fruit that will last** so that whatever you ask in my name the Father will give you. John 15:16

Friendship Forgiveness Respect Determination



What does it mean to be a Crayke Artist?			
	"Every child is an artist." Pablo Picasso		
determined best work We are reflect and improve on our work Determination We are determined to see a uning of meda	 Using a thematic approach, we ensure that there is appropriate coverage of the requirements of the National Curriculum, within the bounds of our two-year rolling programme due to our mixed-age classes. We use Chris Quigley Essentials' Threshold Concepts in order to develop children's artistic knowledge, skills and concepts: Develop ideas Master techniques Take inspiration from 'The Greats' Coverage of a range of different types of artists and designers is planned as part of our curriculum offer, to feature local, contemporary, the 'greats' and those from different cultures. The sequencing and progression of different artistic skills – painting, drawing, textiles, sculpture, digital media, printing and collage – is also mapped throughout our curriculum, providing children different opportunities and contexts in which to build their knowledge and understanding. 		
Subject Leader	Emily Walker & Caroline Helfferich		
Link Governor			
CPD	Chris Quigley Essentials Curriculum/Carousel		
Painting Drawing <mark>Scu</mark>	I <mark>pture Textiles</mark> Collage <mark>Printing</mark> Digital Media Artists		



Progression in Art at Crayke Primary

Our Curriculum – how does it progress from Early Years to Key Stage 3?

- Apple Class in EYFS follow the Early Learning Goals. The Early Years curriculum map, which is detailed in the section below, has been devised to feed into the Key Stage 1 curriculum.
- Key Stage 1 units have been planned to provide opportunities for building on EYFS skills and preparation for KS2.
- Our Key Stage 2 units have been arranged with opportunities to provide children with an opportunity to build on the knowledge and skills they have acquired thus far and to apply it to new contexts.
- Units of work have been built to link to termly themes where possible and to develop knowledge of a range of local, contemporary and historic artists and designers and use the Chris Quigley Essentials milestone statements alongside the National Curriculum objectives. Key concepts have been agreed to thread through all topics in the school.
- As they move into Key Stage 3, pupils should be taught to develop their creativity and ideas, and increase proficiency in their execution. They should develop a critical understanding of artists, architects and designers, expressing reasoned judgements that can inform their own work. Pupils should be taught: to use a range of techniques to record their observations in sketchbooks, journals and other media as a basis for exploring their ideas; to use a range of techniques and media, including painting; to increase their proficiency in the handling of different materials; to analyse and evaluate their own work, and that of others, in order to strengthen the visual impact or applications of their work; about the history of art, craft, design and architecture, including periods, styles and major movements from ancient times up to the present day.

Overview of EYFS

Milestone '0' containing Reception's threshold concepts and coverage created to sit before Milestone 1 (KS1)

Threshold concepts	Aut 1:	Spr 1:	<u>Sum 1:</u>			
	Incredible Me!	Dinosaurs Rock!	Ready, Steady,			
			Grow			
	<u>Aut 2:</u>	<u>Spr 2:</u>	<u>Sum 2:</u>			
	Fabulous Farming	Once Upon a Time	Up, Up and Away!			
Develop Ideas	-	nt materials freely, to	•			
	ideas about how to	o use them and what	to make.			
	AUT 1	SPR 1	SUM 1			
	AUT 2	SPR 2	SUM 2			
	A2 Develop their o	A2 Develop their own ideas and then decide which				
	materials to use to	express them.				
	AUT 1	SPR 1	SUM 1			
	AUT 2	SPR 2	SUM 2			
	A3 Join different materials and explore different textures.					
	AUT 1	SPR 1	SUM 1			
	AUT 2	SPR 2	SUM 2			
Master Techniques	A4 Create closed	shapes with continuo	us lines and begin			
	to use these shapes to represent objects.					
	AUT 1	SPR 1	SUM 1			
	AUT 2	SPR 2	SUM 2			
	A5 Draw with increasing complexity and detail,					
such as representing a face with a circle and in details.			e and including			
	AUT 1	SPR 1	SUM 1			



	AUT 2	SPR 2	SUM 2	
	A6 Use drawing to represent ideas like movement or loud			
	noises.			
	AUT 1	SPR 1	SUM 1	
	AUT 2	SPR 2	SUM 2	
	A7 Show different en			
	paintings, like happin			
	AUT 1	SPR 1	SUM 1	
	AUT 2	SPR 2	SUM 2	
	A8 Explore colour and colour mixing.			
	AUT 1	SPR 1	SUM 1	
	AUT 2	SPR 2	SUM 2	
Take Inspiration from The Greats	A9 Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to			
	express their ideas and feelings.			
	AUT 1	SPR 1	SUM 1	
	AUT 2	SPR 2	SUM 2	
	A10 Return to and build on their previous learning,			
	refining ideas and developing their ability to represent			
	them.			
	AUT 1	SPR 1	SUM 1	
	AUT 2	SPR 2	SUM 2	
	A11 Create collabora and skills.	tively, sharing idea	s, resources	
	AUT 1	SPR 1	SUM 1	
	AUT 2	SPR 2	SUM 2	



EYFS

Autumn	Spring	Summer
Collage	Sculpture	Drawing & Painting
Kandinsky- maths link to circles & squares	James Brunt (local contemporary)	Van Gogh
		Vocab: Sunflowers, shades, paint, paintbrush, add, mix. Petal, stalk, stem, Holland, France



Bridging EYFS and Key Stage 1 – Art and Design

Organisation of knowledge	Using materials	Drawing, painting and sculpture	Exploring techniques	Comparing and evaluating work
Relevant ELG	ELG: Fine motor skills - Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paint b	rushes and cutlery		ELG: Creating with materials - Share their creations, explaining the process they
	ELG: Fine motor skills - Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing, using the tripod grip in almost all cases	ELG: Creating with materials - Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools ar form, and function	nd techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture,	have used
		when appropriate ELG: Managing self	it for what they want and control their immediate impulses dence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge	
		ELG: Fine motor skills - Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing	rence, resimence and perseverance in the race of chanenge	
KS1 readiness objectives	 Hold tools like pencils, paint brushes, scissors with increasing precision Experiment with using different <u>everyday</u> and art materials to explore colour, texture and form 	 To explore their ideas and imagination by creating drawings, paintings and sculptures. To explore creating designs and art work on a range of scales. 	 To explore a range techniques to draw, paint, print and sculpt to help them create art work. 	 Recognising and exploring the colour, patterns and shapes in other artist's work. Expressing opinions and feelings in response to their own art work and other artist's work. Sharing their work with other people, talking about what they have created it.



Key Stage 1

	Year 1/2 (A) 2022-2023			
	Autumn	Spring	Summer	
Theme	Shiver Me Timbers	Growing, Growing, Grown	Animal Explorers	
Enquiry Question	What is a pirate?	How do we explore growing?	Where are the wild things?	
Area of Study and context	Painting Imagine selves as pirate Self portrait Tints and tones	Drawing Observational drawing of plants	Collage Matisse inspired snails, abstract style	
	Textiles Plaiting attach by gluing	Sculpture Natural materials	Printing Animal patterns	
Artist focus	Artist: Barbara Hulme Significance: York artist painted series of portraits celebrating disabled actors/ personalities achievements Style: contemporary portraits	Artist: Charles Darwin Significance: celebrated scientific pioneer & botanist Style: observational drawing of natural world Theme link: observational drawing of plants	Artist: Matisse Significance: enabled revolutionary developments within visual arts Style: Fauvism Theme link: animal inspired art	



	Theme link: tints & tones,		
	celebrating our differences		
Progression of	DI: B1, B2, B3	DI: B1, B2, B3	DI: B1, B2, B3
procedural knowledge	MT: B4, B5, B6, B7, B23, B24, B25	MT: B11, B12, B13, B14, B15, B16,	MT: B8, B9, B10, B18, B19,
(Chris Quigley Milestones)	TIG: B27	B17, B26	B20, B21
		TIG: B27	TIG: B27, B28



	Year 1/2 (B) 2023 - 2024			
	Autumn	Spring	Summer	
Theme	Happily Ever After	Oh, I do like to be beside the seaside	Step into Summer	
Enquiry Question	How do people live happily ever after?	What is it like beside the seaside?	How has Crayke changed over time?	
Area of Study and context	Painting Colour mixing, tints & tones, primary secondary colours, colour wheel Fairytale characters	Drawing & Painting Janice McGloine Seaside inspired art, sketching skills followed by watercolours	Collage Recreating Andy Goldsworthy artwork using natural resources Trip to Castle Howard Arboretum- observational drawing of plants	
	Textiles Loom weaving tapestries	<mark>Sculpture</mark> Mixed media, papier mâché islands	Drawing Observational drawing	
Artist focus	Artist: Sheila Hicks Significance: known for her experimental and innovative weavings Style: contemporary weavings including distinctive colours and natural materials	Artist: Janice McGloine Significance: contemporary artist Style: pastel, paint, mixed-media Theme link: seaside landscapes	Artist: Andy Goldsworthy OBE Significance: contemporary sculptor & environmentalist Style: transient land art Theme link: seasonal change	



	Theme link: weaving of		Cultural Capital: Trip to Castle
	tapestries		Howard Arboretum to sketch
			plants
Progression of	DI: B1, B2, B3	DI: B1, B2, B3	DI: B1, B2, B3
procedural	MT: B4, B5, B6, B7, B8, B22, B23	MT: B4, B5, B11, B12, B13, B14,	MT: B8, B9, B10, B14, B15, B16,
knowledge (Chris	TIG: B2, B28	B15, B17	В17,
Quigley Milestones)		TIG: B27, B28	TIG: B27



Lower Key Stage 2

Year 3/4 (A) 2022 - 2023			
	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Theme	Through the Ages	The Inventing Room	Radical Romans
Enquiry Question	How did life change through the Stone, Bronze + Iron Ages?	How did the invention of chocolate change York?	How did the Romans impact Britain?
Area of Study and context	Painting Cave painting using watercolours	Painting Use brushes to produce, shape, texture, pattern and line, mix colours effectively	Textiles Creating coin purses inspired by Ancient Roman craftmakers.
	Drawing Using pencil to create form and shape	Collage Printing sweets and chocolate packaging Joanne Tinker	
	<mark>Sculpture</mark> Clay coil pots	Printing William Morris repeating & overlapping patterns	Digital Media <mark>& Collage</mark> Hannah Hoch photomontage artist. German Dada artist.
	DT elements of textiles- weaving baubles (H29 covered within this unit)	Architecture Zaha Hadid influential architect Joseph Rowntree development and purpose of buildings	Create self-portrait collages using photographs and mixed media.



Artist focus	Artist: Ladi Kwali Significance: celebrated BAME ceramist Style: indigenous style Nigerian coil pots Theme link: indigenous coil pots, contrast techniques & style to those of Stone Age	 Artist: Joanne Tinker Significance: sustainable contemporary creator Style: Contemporary sculpture, mixed media Theme link: repurposing everyday materials Artist: William Morris Significance: Arts & Crafts revival leader & activist Style: Art Nouveau Style Theme link: inventions and industrial age 	Artist: Hannah Hoch Significance: photomontage originator Style: German Dada Modern Art photomontage Theme link: PSHE link, celebrating ourselves
Progression of procedural	DI: H1, H2, H3, H4, H5	DI: H1, H2, H3, H4, H5	DI: H1, H2, H3, H4, H5
knowledge (Chris Quigley	MT: H6, H7, H8, H9, H13, H14,	MT: H6, H7, H10, H12, H22,	MT: H10, H11, H12, H26, H27,
Milestones)	H15, H16, H17, H18, H19, H20,	H23, H24, H25	H28, H29, H30
	H21, (H29)	TIG: H32, H33	TIG: H3, 33
	TIG: H32, H33		



Year 3/4 (B) 2023 - 2024									
	Autumn	Spring	Summer						
Theme	Our Blue Planet	Tales from Dragon Mountain	Pharaohs, Farms and Feasts						
Enquiry Question	How can we care for our Blue Planet?	Why do people live on volcanoes and mountains?	What can we learn from what the Ancient Egyptians left behind?						
Area of Study and context	Sculpture including elements of Painting and Collage Sea creatures made from cardboard/ recycled materials . Collage and Painting skills then	Drawing Sketching dragons Exploring pencil techniques	Collage Egyptian inspired collage						
	applied for enhanced finish.	Sculpture Clay dragon eyes Mark making & texture creating in clay	Printing Hieroglyphics inspired print						
	Digital Media A record of the trip-edit and video	Painting Dragons watercolours Jackie Morris (contemporary) inspired artwork linked to key text <i>Tell Me A Dragon</i>							



Artist focus	Artist: Darrell Wakelam Significance: Contemporary artist and sculptor Style: everyday materials sculpture Theme link: recycled materials & sustainable art Cultural Capital: Trip to Yorkshire Sculpture Park with opportunity to create own	Artist: Jackie Morris Significance: Contemporary author & illustrator for key text Tell Me A Dragon Style: watercolour illustrations Theme link: Dragon & mountain theme	Artist: Khaled Hafez Significance: Cairo contemporary artist Style: Mixed Media Theme link: Egyptian modern artist inspired by Ancient Egyptian art		
Progression of procedural	sculpture with park's expertise DI: H1, H2, H3, H4, H5	DI: H1, H2, H3, H4, H5	DI: H1, H2, H3, H4, H5		
knowledge (Chris Quigley	MT: H6, H7, H9, H13, H14,	MT: H6, H7, H8, H9, H14, H15,	MT: H10, H11, H12, H22, H23,		
Milestones)	H16, H18, H31 TIG: H32, H33	H16, H17, H19, H20, H21, H33 TIG: H32	H24, H25 TIG: H32, H33		



Upper Key Stage 2

	Year 5/6 (A)	2022 - 2023				
	Autumn	Spring	Summer			
Theme	A Child's War	A Taste of Tuscany	The Book of Life			
Enquiry Question	What was life like for children growing up in Britain during WW2?	children What do Tuscany and North Can we explore view				
Area of Study and context	Drawing Charcoal silhouette figures Mini study of L.S. Lowry exploration of techniques, key features and role as war artist Sketching self portraits in the style of L.S. Lowry	Digital Media Photographing local landscape- Colin Merritt local photographer Use photos as card for new reception pupils.	Collage Tree of Life collaborative project María Elena <mark>Curruchiche</mark>			
	Painting Acrylic inspired by <mark>L.S Lowry</mark> Blitzed Site painting contrast to <mark>Steven Wiltshire</mark> (autistic landscape artist).	Drawing David Hockney inspired Crayke landscape Sculpture Study of Michelangelo's figures Plaster of Paris hands	Printing Mayan patterns			



Artist focus	Artist: L.S Lowry Significance: influential painter and War Artist Style: industrial landscapes Theme link: War artistry	Artist: David Hockney Significance: famous & influential figure in Western Art Style: Contemporary Abstract painting & landscape photographer Theme link: local landscapes	 Artist: María Elena Curruchiche Significance: contemporary artist & grand-daughter of renowned artist Don Andres Curruchich. Style: contemporary art inspired by Mayan culture Theme link: contemporary Mayan inspired art contrasted to original Mayan art
	Artist: Steven Wiltshire MBE Significance: autistic BAME architectural artist & MBE holder for services to Art Style: architectural sketching Theme link: contrast to Lowry when exploring architectural landscapes	 Artist: Michelangelo Significance: famous & influential figure in Western Art Style: Renaissance style Theme link: celebrated and influential Tuscan artist Cultural Capital: Masterclass in photography- Colin Merritt, local artist Heritage Week: Architecture focus, an exploration of the 	



		school's extension and floor plans- how and why the school was developed	
Progression of procedural	DI: O1, O2, O3, O4, O5	DI: 01, 02, 04, 05	DI: O1, O2, O3, O4, O5
knowledge (Chris Quigley	MT: O6, O7, O8, O9, O10, O11,	MT: 015, 016, 017, 018,	MT: O12, O13, O23, O24, O25
Milestones)	019, 020, 021, 022	019, 020, 021, 022, 029	TIG: O30, O31. O32
	TIG: O30, O31, O32	TIG: O30, O32	



	Year 5/6 (B) 2023 - 2024									
	Autumn	Spring	Summer							
Theme	It's All Greek to Me	Into the Darkness	Journeys							
Enquiry Question	How have the ancient Greeks	What was it like to live in the	How can we think about							
	influenced the world we live	Dark Ages?	different areas of our life and							
	in?		our world as journeys?							
Area of Study and context	Drawing Exploring the architecture of Ancient Greece and sketching	Sculpture Anglo-Saxon Broaches- elements of embossing	Digital Media & Printing Andy Warhol Pop Art Creating prints inspired by Warhol's art							
	Collage Ancient Greek inspired mosaics in ceramic	Painting Illuminated manuscripts Exploration of paint techniques and effects	Textiles Stitching skills and revisiting techniques (linked with DT Kapow Textiles topic) based around the KS2 play							
Artist focus	Artist: Sue Kershaw Significance: York artist specialising in ceramic mosaics	Artist: Gerard David Significance: celebrated Early-Netherlandish painter and manuscript illuminator Style: illuminated manuscript	Artist: Andy Warhol Significance: famous & influential figure within Pop Art genre Style: Pop Art							



	Style: roman, geometric, literature and nature inspired mosaics Theme link: Ancient Greek style mosaics Cultural Capital: mosaic workshop with Sue Kershaw	Theme link: comparing David's work to original illuminated manuscripts of Anglo-Saxon people	Theme link: Study of the Americas
Progression of procedural	(local artist) DI: O1 O2, O4	DI: 01, 02, 03, 04, 05	DI: 01, 02, 03, 04, 05
knowledge (Chris Quigley	MT:	MT: 06, 07, 08, 09, 010, 011,	MT: O23, O24, O25, O26, O27,
Milestones)	017, 018, 019, 021, 010,	015, 016, 017, 018	O28, O29
	011, 012	TIG: O30,	TIG: O31
	TIG: O30, O32		



Cov	verage of skills summary	Painting	Drawing	<mark>Sculpture</mark>	Textiles	Collage	Printing	Digital Media
	Autumn A	\checkmark			\checkmark			
Ŋ	Spring A		\checkmark	\checkmark				\checkmark
1/2	Summer A					\checkmark	\checkmark	
Year	Autumn B	\checkmark			\checkmark			
>	Spring B	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark				
	Summer B		\checkmark			\checkmark		
	Autumn A	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark				
4	Spring A	\checkmark				\checkmark	\checkmark	
- 3/4	Summer A				\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark
Year	Autumn B	\checkmark		\checkmark				\checkmark
>	Spring B	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark				
	Summer B					\checkmark	\checkmark	
	Autumn A	\checkmark	\checkmark					
9	Spring A		\checkmark	\checkmark				\checkmark
- 5/6	Summer A					\checkmark	\checkmark	
Year	Autumn B		\checkmark			\checkmark		
>	Spring B	\checkmark		\checkmark				
	Summer B				\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark



Cov	verage of artists summary	'Greats'	'Contemporary'	'Local'	'Different cultures'
	Autumn	Kandinsky			
Year R	Spring			James Brunt	
Ye	Summer	Van Gogh			
	Autumn A			Barbara Hulme	
N	Spring A	Charles Darwin			
1/2	Summer A	Matisse			
Year	Autumn B		Sheila Hicks		
>	Spring B		Janice McGloine		
	Summer B		Andy Goldsworthy		
	Autumn A				Ladi Kwali
4	Spring A	William Morris	Joanne Tinker		
r 3/4	Summer A		Hannah Hoch		
Year	Autumn B		Darrell Wakelam		
>	Spring B		Jackie Morris		
	Summer B				Khaled Hafez
	Autumn A	L.S. Lowry	Steven Wiltshire		
9	Spring A	Michelangelo		David Hockney	
- 5/6	Summer A				Maria Elena Curruchiche
Year	Autumn B			Sue Kershaw	
>	Spring B	Gerard David			
	Summer B	Andy Warhol			

In addition: a whole school celebration and exploration of:

BAME artists- Black History Month Autumn Year A Differently Abled artists- International Day of Persons with Disabilities Autumn Year B



Threshold concept	Milestone 1 (Beech/Year 1+2)			(F	Milestone 2 (Holly/Year 3+4)			Milestone 3 (Oak/Year 5+6)		
Develop ideas (DI) This concept involves understanding how ideas develop through an	B1 Respond to ideas and starting points.			points	H1 Develop ideas from starting points throughout the curriculum.			O1 Develop and imaginatively extend ideas from starting points throughout the curriculum.		
artistic process.	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	
	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	
	B2 Explore ideas and collect visual information		H2 Collect information, sketches and resources.			O2 Collect information, sketches and resources and present ideas imaginatively in a sketch book.				
	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	
	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	
	B3 Explore and mate ideas dev		methods	H3 Adapt they prog	and refine in interview.	deas as	O3 Use the to enhance ideas.		of materials	
	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	
	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	



H4 Explore ideas in a variety of ways.			O4 Spot the potential in unexpected results as work progresses.		
AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A
AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B
H5 Comment on artworks using visual language. O5 Comment on artworks fluent grasp of visual language			p of	orks with a	
AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A
AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B



Threshold conce	ept	Milestone 1 (Beech/Year 1+2)			Milestone 2 (Holly/Year 3+4)				Milestone 3 (Oak/Year 5+6)		
Master techni (MT) This concept in developing a s so that ideas m communicated	nvolves kill set nay be	Painting: B4 Use thick and thin brushes.			Painting: H6 Use a number of brush techniques using thick and thin brushes to produce shapes, textures, patterns and lines			Painting: O6 Sketch (lightly) before painting to combine line and colour.			
		AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	
		AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	
		B5 Mix pr make sec	imary colo ondary.	ours to	H7 Mix colours effectively			O7 Create a colour palette based upon colours observed in the natural or built world.			
		AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	
		AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	
		B6 Add white to colours to make tints and black to colours to make tones.			H8 Use watercolour paint to produce washes for backgrounds then add detail.			O8 Use the qualities of watercolour and acrylic paints to create visually interesting pieces.			



AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A		
AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B		
B7 Create	e colour wh	eels.	H9 Experin mood with		creating	and tints t	nbine colours, tones to enhance od of a piece.			
AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A		
AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B		
						and the q paint to cr O11 Deve of painting	orush techr ualities of reate textu lop a perso g, drawing is from oth	re. onal style		
						AUT A	SPR A	SUM A		
			1			AUT B	SPR B	SUM B		
Collage: B8 Use a combination of			Collage: H10 Select	and arran	GO	Collage:	ovturos (ro	ugh and		
	that are cu		materials f effect.		-	smooth, p	O12 Mix textures (rough and smooth, plain and patterned).			



AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	
AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	
B9 Sort and arrange materials.			H11 Ensur	e work is p	recise.	O13 Comb tactile qua	oine visual Ilities.	and	
AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	
AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	
B10 Mix materials to create texture.			H12 Use co tessellation and monta	n, mosaic	lapping,		eramic mo and techni		
AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	
AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	
Sculpture: B11 Use a combination of shapes.			Sculpture H13 Create shapes to recognisat shapes ma nets or sol	e and coml create ble forms (@ de from	e.g.	and real-li proportion abstract, p	v life-like qualities ife ns or, if more		
AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	
AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	



B12 Include lines and texture.			H14 Includ conveys fe expression	elings,		O16 Use t add shape and patter	s, texture	o carve and ure	
AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	
AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	
B13 Use techniques such as rolling, cutting, moulding and carving.			H15 Use cl mouldable	-		O17 Combine visual and tactile qualities.			
AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	
AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	
			H16 Add n interesting		provide	O18 Use fr wire or mo provide st	oulds) to		
			AUT A AUT B	SPR A	SUM A SUM B	AUT A AUT B	SPR A SPR B	SUM A SUM B	
Drawing:			Drawing:	JF IX D		Drawing:			
B14 Draw lines of different sizes and thickness.		H17 Use di of pencils t and texture	to show lin		O19 Use a technique effects (e.g shadows, o sunlight).	s to add in g. reflection	teresting ns,		



AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A		
AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B		
B15 Colour (own work) neatly following the lines.			H18 Annot explain and			technique depict mo	ovement, ive, shadows ction.			
AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A		
AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B		
B16 Show pattern and texture by adding dot and lines.			H19 Sketcl use a rubb mistakes).				e a style of itable for the work ic or istic).			
AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A		
AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B		
B17 Show different tones by using coloured pencils.			H20 Use sl light and s	•	show	O22 Use li movemen	nes to rep t.	SUM B of SUM A SUM A SUM B e of or the work SUM A SUM B		
AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A		
AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B		



			H21 Use h hatching to							
			texture.	SPR A	SUM A					
			AUT B	SPR B	SUM B					
Print:			Print:			Print:				
	epeating c ng shapes.		H22 Use la more colo		o or	O23 Build colours.	up layers	up layers of		
AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A		
AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B		
B19 Mimi environm (e.g. wallp		n the	H23 Replic observed i built envire	n natural c			ate an accurate showing fine detail.			
AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A		
AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B		
	bjects to o g. fruit, veg es).		H24 Make (e.g. from to a block)	coiled strir		elements	a range of v to reflect t of the work	he		
AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A		
AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B		



	B21 Press, roll, rub and stamp to make prints.			H25 Make patterns.	precise re	peating					
-	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A					
	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B					
	Textiles:			<u>Textiles:</u>			Textiles:	Textiles:			
	B22 Use weaving to create a pattern.			H26 Shape materials.	and stitch	1	O26 Shov technique				
	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A		
	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B		
	B23 Join r and/or a s	materials u stitch.	sing glue	H27 Use b back stitch		stitch and		se from a range of echniques.			
	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A		
	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B		
	B24 Use plaiting.			H28 Colou	r fabric.			D28 Combine previously earned techniques to create pieces.			
	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A		
	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B		
	B25 Use dip dye techniques.			H29 Create	e weavings						



AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A			
AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B			
			H30 Quilt, pad and gather fabric.					
			AUT A	SPR A	SUM A			
			AUT B	SPR B	SUM B			
Digital Media B26 Use a wide range of tools to create			Digital M H31 Create sound rece why they v	e images, v ordings an	d explain	editing (ii	ince digital ncluding sc imation, sti	ound,
AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A
AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B



Threshold concept	Milestone 1 (Beech/Year 1+2)			Milestone 2 (Holly/Year 3+4)			Milestone 3 (Oak/Year 5+6)		
Take inspiration from the greats (TIG) This concept involves	B27 Describe the work of notable artists, artisans and designers.			H32 Replicate some of the techniques used by notable artists, artisans and designers.			O30 Give details (including own sketches) about the style of some notable artists, artisans and designers.		
learning from both the artistic process and techniques of	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A
great artists and artisans throughout	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B
history.	B28 Use some of the ideas of artists studied to create pieces.			H33 Create original pieces that are influenced by studies of others.			O31 Show how the work of those studied was influential in both society and to other artists.		
	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A	AUT A	SPR A	SUM A
	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B	AUT B	SPR B	SUM B
							that show	ite original v a range c s and style SPR A SPR B	of



Vocabulary Progression: Art and Design

The following represents the core vocabulary introduced in each year group but is not an exhaustive list and subject specific vocabulary will be introduced in line with subject areas.

The following vocabulary is introduced in Recept	tion						
colour	the things you see when light shines on an object						
construction	the action of building something						
line	a long, narrow mark						
material	various things you can use to make a piece of art						
mix	to add two or more things together						
printing	a way of making the same thing again						
techniques	things artists do to complete a piece of art						
The following vocabulary is introduced in Year 1,	/2						
artist	people who make art						
background	the furthest part of a picture						
cold colours	colours which remind you of cool weather – blue, grey, purples						
collage	a piece of art made by sticking various materials together						
design	a decorative pattern						
drawing	a picture made with a pencil, pen or crayon						
line	a line made using a drawing tool or brush						
pattern	a repeated decorative design						
primary colours	a group of colours from which other colours can be made – red, yellow and blue						
secondary	a colour made by mixing two primary colours – orange, purple and green						
sculpture	2 or 3 dimensional art						
texture	how something feels						
textile	a type of cloth or woven fabric						



tone	created when grey is added to a colour						
warm colours	colours which remind you of warm weather – yellow, red, orange						
The following vocabulary is introduced in Year 3/4							
abstract	art that does not try to be accurate, it is unusual						
В	soft pencils						
collage	a piece of art made by sticking various materials together						
complimentary	a pair of colours which contrast each other						
design	an outline, sketch or plan						
Н	hard pencils						
human form	a drawing of the human figure						
graded	the range of sketching pencils						
landscape	the drawing or painting of the land						
observation	looking at an object carefully						
shade	when an artist adds black to make a colour darker						
vanishing point	where two lines meet						
The following vocabulary is introduced in Year 5	/6						
architect	a person who designs building						
hatching	a pencil drawing technique						
hue	a colour or shade						
malleable	can move or be squashed easily						
motifs	a recurring fragment, image or pattern						
perspective	representing 3D objects on a 2D surface						



Including pupils with SEND in Art and Design

Sound and light issues

• Interactive whiteboards are non-reflective to reduce glare.

Seating

- Consider the accessibility and safety of demonstrations.
- Seating should allow all pupils in the class to communicate, respond and interact with each other and the teacher in discussions.
- Avoid the need for copying lots of information. For example, notes on interactive whiteboards can be printed off for all pupils.

Resources

- Use systems such as racks so that items such as pencils and scissors can be found and put away in the right place easily.
- Make tasks accessible through pupils using, where appropriate:
- > " specialist equipment, eg specialist scissors and cutting tools
- > " generic aids, eg frames or adhesives to hold down pupils' work to surfaces.
- > Provide a range of drawing aids such as grids, templates and viewfinders for transcription.

Displays

• Use accessible, informative and engaging visual displays as a resource for teaching and learning and as a way of recognising pupils' achievements.

Multi-sensory approaches

• Allow time for sensory exploration. Use a variety of materials and processes to make images and artefacts.

• Use real objects related to the topic – eg for a project on the built/made environment, pupils might explore the properties of bricks, pebbles, stones, gravel, wood, hessian, bubble wrap, metal and plastic, which they can touch, see and smell. These can be used to bring out ideas and feelings and can be displayed and/or photographed.

• Use the body in direct ways to create outcomes or products – eg using hands and feet to create prints or casts in wet sand or clay, or using hands and fingers to create marbling patterns with oil, safe colouring agents and water for a project on water patterns.

• Explore natural materials related to the topic through sight, sound, smell and/or taste – eg in topics on food, fruit or vegetables, pupils can investigate differences and similarities in a range of cultures by selecting produce from particular countries (eg Indian spices).

• Use subject matter such as 'myself' to explore different aspects of personality and physical self.

• Help pupils explore the wider contexts through stories, film and role-play – eg creating 'sensory stories' and acting out processes.

• Pupils could share a mind map of ideas with a partner or with a larger group – eg on recognising personal likes and dislikes, feelings and ideas – while responding to the colours and marks used in Rothko's paintings or the different kinds of expressions captured in portrait photography.

ICT

In art and design, ICT can:

• help to develop pupils' subject knowledge – eg recognising how artists and designers use ICT in their own work to create images and artefacts, and then using these as models to support activities and ideas in the classroom

• support activities where pupils do not have the necessary mobility and dexterity – eg using software to simulate traditional materials and techniques

• allow pupils to explore environments or activities that could be dangerous – eg using software that simulates tessera work in mosaic technique

• enable pupils to research recommended websites online – eg websites of museums, galleries and exhibitions – to support or supplement other modes of research (the Tate Gallery website allows pupils to share views, ideas and stories about particular artworks with children from around the world, and the National Gallery's 'Take One Picture' initiative can be accessed online)

• capture images or processes and replay them at different speeds and at different magnifications to support pupils' knowledge, understanding and skills in practical work

• extend the range of the senses – eg making small objects visible (such as details of natural objects or parts of a painting) or allowing pupils to examine the detail of public sculptures and art-related environments

• allow teachers and pupils to review and evaluate work or consider next steps by viewing scanned or photographed images, forms or examples of pupils' work from previous lessons on the interactive whiteboard

• enable pupils to share information with others – eg using a scanner or digital stills or video camera to capture material which is then shared using an interactive whiteboard, mobile phones, the school learning platform or the internet

• support pupils in refining and modifying their practical work to produce products to a high standard – eg using Photoshop1 or Dazzle to develop a poster design by selecting and adding text to an image and correcting presentational mistakes.

Planning support

- Consider:
- ➤ risk points in the lesson, eg for pupils with sensitivity to noise or smell
- > where it would be useful to pre-tutor important art and design vocabulary, concepts or processes
- > whether pupils need support in using art and design equipment.
- Additional adults need to be clear about the sequencing and importance of the processes in a task.



Evaluation

• Teaching assistants should give feedback on how well pupils use tools and materials. This is important for more complex tasks that require fine discrimination and manipulation (eg measuring or cutting accurately).

Managing group work and discussion

• For some pupils, eg those on the autistic spectrum, developing ideas with others can be challenging. Pairings and groupings need to be sensitive to this.

Teachers' communication

• Use the qualities and characteristics of objects and materials to explore and develop the language needed to describe and discuss what pupils have observed or experienced.

- Highlight:
- \succ new words for the lesson
- ➤ key vocabulary linked to learning objectives
- ➤ practical skills that will be needed, eg painting skills
- ➤ things to observe, and
- ➤ questions to be thinking about in groups.
- The language of art and design may be challenging for many pupils, eg:
- ➤ the specific uses in art of everyday words such as 'expression', or
- > terms specific to art, such as 'intaglio print'.
- Pupils' communication



• Discussing processes informs pupils' vocabulary development and contributes to their ability to analyse and understand what they have seen and done.

Pupil-teacher interaction

• For example, in a 'shared task', one partner explains the process of making something – eg a string print based on Islamic or geometric designs – to the other, who asks questions about what they said. Then the partners change roles. Both compile a list of key words relevant to the process. This discussion is used to inform the whole-class plenary.

Understanding the aims of the lesson

• Build up a chart (using a wallchart or other space) to show each lesson's focus, and how successive lesson topics link together to develop an area of art and design work. Digital images or real objects can be attached to allow for multi- sensory exploration and access.

Pupils know where they are in relation to learning aims

• Plan opportunities to stop the whole class working during the main phase to share their progress and clarify the learning for the next stage. This might include holding up examples of pupils' work and using focused questioning to guide formative assessment.

Understanding assessment criteria

• Lay out work at the end of lessons for plenary discussion, highlighting key points or learning objectives to recognise pupils' achievement.



Reviewing progress and helping pupils to improve

• View sketchbooks at the beginning or end of a project to review pupils' learning and remind them of their starting points.

• Revisiting a mind map of the same area of learning, say after three weeks of studying an art and design topic, can be a good way of assessing – through the added 'branches' of the map – how pupils' understanding of concepts is developing. This approach can be particularly valuable for pupils for whom oral and written communication can present a barrier, as pictures and symbols can be included.

• Encourage pupils to become aware of their own and others' work by describing what they think and feel about their own work, and the work of artists, crafts people and designers.

Gathering assessment evidence

• Check pupils' understanding by inviting them to reformulate explanations in their own words eg in a lesson on printmaking asking pupils to explain the process step by step to another person, using visual aids.

Relevant and motivating tasks

• Set a framework for learning but also offer scope for individual expression and promote manageable experimentation and risk taking. To avoid being too prescriptive, make sure examples and models:

➤ show there are different ways of resolving outcomes, and

➤ are achievable.

• Encourage pupils to experiment with materials, tools and concepts to reflect the reciprocal relationship between artist and process.

• Consider the length and complexity of tasks. Some pupils might need more time to complete activities, while others need tasks to be short and varied to aid concentration.



• Identify pupils' existing art and design knowledge and prior experience – eg by using sketchbooks, posters, concept maps or mind-mapping software – to help identify engaging projects and ways to deliver them.

• When pupils start an art and design topic, move from familiar ideas and themes to exploring new ideas.

Recapping

• Invite pupils to list the key points in a lesson under specific headings – eg in a lesson on still life collage based on natural form and the work of Andy Goldsworthy:

- ➤ names of objects selected
- ➤ different shapes and patterns
- ➤ why pupils have selected them, and
- ➤ difficulties linked to the task.

• Use starter tasks to help pupils assimilate learning from the previous week with that planned for the current lesson – eg for a lesson on facial expression you could ask pupils to identify faces suggesting particular emotions.

Reducing reliance on memory

• Simple digital cameras can capture the stages of an activity, the final outcomes or the sights of a visit for later reference. This will act as a 'memory-jogger' for pupils who find it hard to retain information. The images can be filed in an electronic sketchbook or reproduced as hard copies.

• Digital images can be used to create maps (visual and linked to sound) of what was done, where pupils went, and what findings emerged.

• Show scanned, photographed or videoed outcomes from the previous lesson's work using an interactive whiteboard, and explore possibilities for the next steps.